

## Indicator 54: Vehicle access by race

Ratio of percentage of Black to White householders that do not have access to a car

Report Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	<p>Change 2018 to 2022</p> <p><b>+9</b></p> <p>2022 Report Source</p> <p>U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2021 1-Year Estimates (PUMS microdata)</p>
Score	31	35	35	39	40	
Black householders	16.3%	15.7%	15.7%	12.7%	13.3%	
White householders	4.8%	5.6%	5.6%	5.7%	6.2%	
Ratio	3.396	2.804	2.804	2.232	2.142	



**Black householders are more than twice as likely as White householders to not have access to a vehicle.**

Note: Data for this indicator were accessed for the following Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs) in Oklahoma: 01201, Tulsa County (Central)-- Tulsa City (Central) PUMA; 01202, Tulsa County (Southeast)-- Tulsa (Southeast) & Broken Arrow (West) Cities PUMA; 01203, Tulsa County (North)-- Tulsa (North) & Owasso Cities PUMA; 01204, Tulsa (West), Creek (Northeast & Osage (Southeast) Counties-- Tulsa City (West) PUMA. To ensure comparability across years, the 2022 Equality Indicators Report utilizes standard 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) 1-year PUMS data rather than the 2020 ACS 1-year PUMS data with experimental weights. "The Census Bureau does not recommend [...] comparing the 2020 1-year PUMS data with standard pre-tabulated products or PUMS-based estimates from previous years." (U.S. Census Bureau, 2021, <https://www.census.gov/newsroom/press-releases/2021/experimental-2020-ac-s-1-year-data.html>)  
U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, & 2021 1-Year Estimates (PUMS microdata)